## Golden Threads: Foreign Languages (French)

YEAR	TERM	TITLE	SPEAKING AND LISTENING:	SONGS, STORIES AND RHYMES	READING AND WRITING	GRAMMAR
3	Autumn 1	<b>Salutations</b> Greetings	Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding.  Listen and show understanding of single words through physical response.  Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of the words. Listen and identify rhyming words and particular sounds in songs and rhymes.  Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions; respond to those of others; seek clarification and help. Recognise a familiar question and respond with a simple rehearsed response.  Speak in sentences using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures. Present ideas and information to a range of audiences.  Name objects and actions and link words with a connective in a simple rehearsed statement.	Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language.  Join in with actions to accompany familiar songs, stories and rhymes and say some of the words.	Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases.  Using the knowledge of the sound of some letter strings, read aloud individual familiar words.  Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing. Read and show understanding of familiar single words.  Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words introduced into familiar written material, including using a dictionary. Identify and use strategies for memorising new vocabulary.  Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing.  Write and say simple familiar words to describe people, places, things and actions using a model.  Write words from memory and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly.  Write single familiar words from memory with understandable accuracy.	Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.  Name a noun, adjective, verb, pronoun, conjunction in the language being studied.  Use the 1st and 2nd person pronouns with a regular verb.
3	Autumn 2	Les bases The basics				
3	Spring 1	<b>Dans mon sac</b> In my school bag				
3	Spring 2	Quelle famille! What a family!				
3	Summer 1	<b>À l'animalerie</b> At the pet shop				
3	Summer 2	<b>Drapeaux</b> <b>du monde</b> Flags of the world				
4	Autumn 1	<b>On fait la fête !</b> Celebrations!	Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding. Listen and show understanding of short phrases through physical response.  Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of the words. Listen and demonstrate understanding of words in songs and rhymes.  Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions; respond to those of others; seek clarification and help. Ask and answer several simple and familiar questions with a rehearsed response.  Speak in sentences using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures. Present ideas and information to a range of audiences. Use familiar vocabulary to say simple sentences to give information using a language scaffold.	Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language.  Join in with the words of a rhyme, song or story sometimes from memory.	Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases.  Read aloud familiar short sentences using knowledge of letter string sounds and observing silent letter rules.  Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing.  Read and show understanding of simple familiar phrases and short sentences.  Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words introduced into familiar written material, including using a dictionary.  Use a bi-lingual dictionary to find the meaning of a word or its translation.  Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing.  Write and say a simple phrase to describe people, places, things and actions using a language scaffold.  Write words from memory and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly.  Write simple familiar short phrases from memory with understandable accuracy.	Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.  Use the correct form of the indefinite article in the singular, according to the gender of the noun, and in the plural.  Demonstrate understanding of the position of the majority of adjectives.
4	Autumn 2	<b>A</b> u carnaval <b>des animaux</b> Animal Masquerade				
4	Spring 1	<b>Bonne appétit, bonne santé !</b> Healthy eating				
4	Spring 2	<b>L'heure du gouter</b> Snack time				
4	Summer 1	<b>Bienvenue</b> <b>chez nous!</b> Welcome to our World!				
4	Summer 2	Le monde francophone The French-speaking world				

5	Autumn 1 Autumn 2	Découvre Paris Discover Paris  Frères Montgolfier Bon voyage! Montgolfier brothers	Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding. Listen and show understanding of more complex familiar phrases and sentences.  Explore the patterns and sounds of language		Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases.  Read aloud more complex sentences using knowledge of letter string sounds and observing silent letter rules.  Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing.  Read and show understanding of a complex sentence	Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being stu <mark>die</mark> d; key features
5	Spring 1	Have a good trip!  Tout sur moi!  All about me!	through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of the words. Follow the text of familiar rhymes and songs identifying the meaning of words.  Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions; respond to those of others; seek clarification and help. Ask and answer more complex familiar questions with a scaffold of responses; maybe asking for clarification and help.  Speak in sentences using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures. Present ideas and information to a range of audiences.  Use familiar vocabulary to say more complex sentences such as presenting ideas using a language scaffold.	Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language. Follow the simple text of a familiar song or story and sing or read aloud.	using familiar language.  Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words introduced into familiar written material, including using a dictionary.  Use a bi-lingual dictionary to find the meaning of nouns in the plural, adjectives in agreement and conjugated verbs.  Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing.  Write and say a more complex sentence to describe people, places, things and actions using a language scaffold	and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.  Apply the rules of the agreement of adjectives in the singular and plural with some accuracy.  Produce positive and negative sentences with high frequency verbs and
5	Spring 2	<b>Portraits</b> Portraits				
5	Summer 1	Nous sommes musiciens We are musicians				
5	Summer 2	<b>Vive le sport</b> Our sporting lives			Write words from memory and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly. Write familiar complex sentences from memory with understandable accuracy.	pronouns.
6	Autumn 1	<b>Quel temps</b> fait-il? What's the weather like?	Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding.  Listen and show understanding of more complex sentences containing familiar words and unfamiliar words.  Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of the words. Read aloud the text of familiar rhymes and songs.  Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions; respond to those of others; seek clarification and help. Engage in a short conversation using familiar questions and express opinions.  Speak in sentences using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures. Present ideas and information to a range of audiences.  Manipulate familiar language to present own ideas and information in more complex sentences.	Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language. Understand the gist of an unfamiliar text using some familiar language.	Develop accurate pron <mark>unciation</mark> and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases.  Pronounce unfamiliar words in a sentence using knowledge of letter strings, liaison and silent letter	Understand basic grammar
6	Autumn 2	<b>On s'habille!</b> Let's ge <mark>t dressed!</mark>			Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing.	appropriate to the language being studied; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply
6	Spring 1	Coco Chanel Vive la mode! Coco Chanel Fashion			Read and show understanding of a series of complex sentences using familiar language.  Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words introduced into familiar written material, including using a dictionary.	these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.  Use the correct form of the
6	Spring 2	Un voy <mark>age dans</mark> l'espace A journey through space			Decode a simple unfamiliar text using grammatical knowledge, context or a bi-lingual dictionary.  Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing.  definite of and plura Apply all grammar complex seconds.	definite article in singular and plural sentences.  Apply all the knowledge of grammar above to build complex sentences.
6	Summer 1	<b>Découvre le Louvre!</b> Discover the Louvre!			Write and say a complex se <mark>ntence</mark> manipulating familiar language, using a dictionary for new language.	iuig '
6	Summer 2	Quoi de neuf? What's in the news?			Write words from memory and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly. Write complex sentences from memory manipulating familiar vocabulary with understandable accuracy.	